## Claims

- [c1] 1. A multi-phase ceramic composite material compris-ing:
  - -a proton conducting ceramic phase having a protonic conductivity greater than  $1.0 \times 10^{-3}$  S/cm at an operating temperature; and
  - -an electron conducting ceramic phase with electronic conductivity greater than  $1.0 \times 10^{-2}$  S/cm when measured under reducing conditions with an oxygen partial pressure less than 0.05 atm.
- [c2] 2. The material in accordance with Claim 1, wherein the electron conducting ceramic phase is substantially structurally and chemically identical to at least one product of a reaction between the proton conducting phase and at least one expected gas under operating conditions of a membrane fabricated using the material.
- [c3] 3. The material in accordance with Claim 1, wherein the electron conducting ceramic phase is structurally and chemically identical to at least one product of a reaction between the proton conducting phase and at least one expected gas under operating conditions of a membrane fabricated using the material.

- 4. The material in accordance with Claim 1, wherein the electron conducting ceramic phase has a form  $Ce_{1-x}$  B  $O_{1-x}$ , wherein B represents one of yttrium and an element belonging to the Lanthanide series in the periodic table, and  $\epsilon$  is an oxygen deficiency.
- [05] 5. The material in accordance with Claim 2, wherein the electron conducting ceramic phase has a form  $Ce_{1-x}^{B} C_{2-\epsilon}^{O}$ , wherein B represents one of yttrium and an element belonging to the Lanthanide series in the periodic table, and  $\epsilon$  is an oxygen deficiency.
- [06] 6. The material in accordance with Claim 4, wherein  $0 \le x \le 0.75$ .
- [c7] 7. The material in accordance with Claim 4, wherein  $0 \le x \le 0.75$ .
- [08] 8. The material in accordance with Claim 1, wherein the proton conducting ceramic phase has a perovskite structure.
- [09] 9. The material in accordance with Claim 8, wherein the electron conducting phase is a ceria.
- [c10] 10. The material in accordance with Claim 8, wherein the electron conducting phase is a doped ceria.

- [c11] 11. The material in accordance with Claim 8, wherein the perovskite has a form  $A_{1-x-\alpha} P_{x-1-y-y-3-\delta}$ , wherein A is a bivalent cation selected from the group consisting essentially of barium (Ba), strontium (Sr), calcium (Ca) and magnesium (Mg) and combinations thereof, P is an Asite dopant, which is a cation, B is a tetravalent cation selected from the group consisting essentially of an element in Group IV of the period table, and an element in the lanthanide series of the periodic table, Q is a B-site dopant selected from the group consisting essentially of an element in Group III of the period table, and an element in the lanthanide series of the periodic table,  $\alpha$  is a non-stoichiometric A-site deficiency and  $\delta$  is an oxygen deficiency.
- [c12] 12. The material according to claim 11, wherein the A-site dopant is a cation selected from the group consisting essentially of Pr, Sm, Er and an element in the lanthanide series of the periodic table.
- [c13] 13. The material in accordance with Claim 11, wherein  $0 \le \alpha \le 0.1$ .
- [014] 14. The material in accordance with Claim 11, wherein  $0 \le x \le 0.5$ .
- [c15] 15. The material in accordance with Claim 11, wherein

 $0 \le y \le 0.3$ .

- [c16] 16. The material in accordance with Claim 1, wherein the proton conducting ceramic phase has a pyrochlore structure of  $(A'_{2-\gamma}, A''_{\gamma})(B_{2-\eta}, R_{\eta})O_{7-\lambda}$  wherein A' is a trivalent cation, A" is a divalent cation, B is a tetravalent cation and R is a divalent cation
- [c17] 17. The material in accordance with Claim 16, wherein A" and R are identical cations.
- [c18] 18. The material in accordance with Claim 16, wherein  $0 \le \gamma \le 0.3$ .
- [c19] 19. The material in accordance with Claim 16, wherein  $0 \le \eta \le 0.3$ .
- [c20] 20. The material in accordance with Claim 1, where the proton conducting ceramic phase is a complex per-ovskite.
- [c21] 21. The material in accordance with Claim 20, wherein the complex perovskite has a structure of  $A_2(B'_{1+\beta}B''_{1-\beta})O_{6-\lambda}$ , wherein A is a divalent ion, B' is one of a trivalent ion and a tetravalent ion, and B" is a pentavalent ion.
- [c22] 22. The material in accordance with Claim 21, wherein 0  $\leq \beta \leq 0.3$ .

- [c23] 23. The material in accordance with Claim 21, wherein 0  $\leq \varphi \leq 0.2$ .
- [c24] 24. The material in accordance with Claim 20, wherein the complex perovskite has a structure  $A_3(B'_{1+\beta}B''_{2-\phi})O_{9-\lambda}$ , wherein A is a divalent ion, B' is one of a trivalent ion and a tetravalent ion, and B" is a pentavalent ion.
- [c25] 25. The material in accordance with Claim 24, wherein 0  $\leq \beta \leq 0.3$ .
- [c26] 26. The material in accordance with Claim 24, wherein 0  $\leq \phi \leq 0.2$ .
- [c27] 27. The material in accordance with Claim 1, wherein the ceramic phase has one of a low protonic conductivity and a low electronic conductivity.
- [c28] 28. The material in accordance with Claim 1, further comprising a secondary ceramic phase added below a percolation limit to improve thermodynamic stability.
- [c29] 29. The material in accordance with Claim 1, further comprising a second electronically conducting phase selected from the group consisting of tin oxide (SnO<sub>2</sub>), doped SnO<sub>2</sub>, tungsten oxide (WO<sub>3</sub>), doped WO<sub>3</sub>, cobalt oxide (CoO<sub>3</sub>), doped CoO<sub>3</sub> and silicon carbide (SiC).